

### **Global Markets Research**

### **Daily Market Highlights**

### 18 Sept: FOMC delivered a less dovish than expected cut

The FOMC and Bank of Canada cut rates by 25bps each as expected

Dot plot signals another 50bps cut by the FOMC by end-2025; 25bps each in 2026 and 2027

Stable UK CPI reaffirmed a gradual easing path for the BOE; expect a rate pause today

- The Fed lowered its fed funds rate as expected. US stocks and bonds both initially rallied after the decision and dot plot, but later began giving up those gain even before Fed Chair Jerome Powell delivered his post-meeting press conference, where he notably said that the decision was a "risk management cut" and pushed back against more aggressive easing, citing no widespread support for that move.
- In the equity space, the Dow closed 0.6% d/d higher, but the S&P 500 and Nasdaq settled the day lower by 0.1% and 0.3% d/d. In the bond space, treasury yields ended the day 4-7bps higher as the FOMC rhetoric and economic projections (upgrade in growth through 2027 and downgrade in unemployment rate for 2026-27) were not as dovish as feared, hence paring bets of aggressive cuts ahead. The benchmark 2Y and 10Y yields closed the day at 3.55% and 4.09%.
- Elsewhere, markets closed mixed ahead of FOMC's decision.
   Stoxx Eur 600 closed just below its flatline, while 10Y European bond yields were slightly lower in tune to 1-3bps. In Asia, Nikkei 225 tumbled 0.3% d/d but Hang Seng rallied 1.8% d/d. Asian stocks are set for a muted trading day following futures and Wall Street overnight.
- In the forex space, the DXY clawed back its losses, bouncing to finish at 96.87 (+0.3% d/d) after slumping to as low as 96.22 during the day. SEK (-0.7% d/d), NOK (-0.5% d/d) and AUD (-0.5% d/d to 0.6653) led losses against the greenback, while GBP and CAD depreciated at a narrower pace of 0.2% d/d (to 1.3626) and 0.3% d/d, the latter after the Bank of Canada delivered a quarter point cut as expected.
- In contrast, most regional currencies strengthened versus the Dollar with MYR leading gains at 0.4% d/d to 4.1880. SGD was one of the outliers, depreciating 0.2% d/d to end the day at 1.2780. IDR appreciated 0.1% d/d even as the Bank Indonesia cut rates by 25bps in a surprised move and indicated that it could lower rates further despite the volatility in the exchange rate to support growth.
- In the commodity space, fresh US stockpiles and concerns over the US labour markets saw oil prices easing after 3 sessions of

<b>Key Market Metrics</b>		
	Level	d/d (%)
<u>Equities</u>		
Dow Jones	46,018.32	0.57
S&P 500	6,600.35	-0.10
NASDAQ	22,261.33	-0.33
Stoxx Eur 600	550.63	-0.03
FTSE 100	9,208.37	0.14
Nikkei 225	44,790.38	-0.25
CSI 300	4,551.02	0.61
Hang Seng	26,908.39	1.78
Straits Times	4,323.78	-0.32
KLCI 30	1,611.70	0.72
FX		
Dollar Index	96.87	0.25
EUR/USD	1.1813	-0.46
GBP/USD	1.3626	-0.15
USD/JPY	146.99	0.35
AUD/USD	0.6653	-0.48
USD/CNH	7.1018	-0.04
USD/MYR	4.1880	-0.36
USD/SGD	1.2780	0.15
USD/KHR	4,009.20	-0.03
USD/THB	31.73	0.17
<u>Commodities</u>		
WTI (\$/bbl)	64.05	-0.73
Brent (\$/bbl)	67.95	-0.76
Gold (\$/oz)	3,688.00	-0.20
Copper (\$/MT)	9,996.00	-1.29
Aluminum(\$/MT)	2,683.00	-1.25
CPO (RM/tonne)	4,400.50	-0.24

Source: Bloomberg, HL Bank

<sup>\*</sup> Closing as of 12 Sept for CPO



gains. The WTI and Brent closed the day 0.7-0.8% d/d lower at \$64.05/barrel and \$67.95/barrel respectively.

## FOMC cuts rates by 25bp; signals another 50bps for 2025 and 25bps for 2026

- As widely expected, the Fed resumed cutting Fed funds rates with a 25bp move to 4.00-4.25%. There was only one dissent, by new (and temporary) Governor Stephen Miran, who voted for a 50bp cut.
- Key highlights from the statement and press conference include: 1) Fed Chair Powell described the move as a "risk management cut" in view of the shift in the balance of risks, notably increased downside risks to employment. In this regard, the FOMC removed the line "labour market conditions remain solid" in its statement, and replaced it with the line "job gains have slowed.". 2) In terms of tariff impact on inflation, Powell said that they have begun to see goods prices showing through into higher inflation, and expect inflation to continue to build over the rest of 2025 and into 2026. That said, a reasonable base case is that the impact will be relatively shortlived. 3) In the updated dot plot, median participants anticipate another 50bps of cuts this year (25bps more than June projection) and 25bps cuts each in 2026 (25bps less than June projection) and 2027 (unchanged from June projection). Market is pencilling in a 50bps cut in 4Q and another 50bps cut in 2026 vs our revised house view of a further 50bps cut this year followed by 25bps cut in 2026. 4) Even as the policy statement flagged downside risks to employment, the median projection is for the unemployment rate was left unchanged (vs June projection) at 4.5% for this year, before easing to 4.4% in 2026 (prior: 4.5%) and 4.3% for 2027 (prior: 4.4%). 5) The median projection for core-PCE prices was left unchanged at 3.1% for 2025, but raised to 2.6% for 2026 (prior: 2.4%). 6) Official GDP forecasts were slightly upgraded to 1.6% for 2025 (prior: 1.4%), 1.8% for 2026 (prior: 1.6%) and 1.9% for 2027 (prior: 1.8%).
- On data releases, housing data was mixed. Spurred by lowest mortgage rates (30Y fixed rate: 6.39%) since last October, mortgage applications jumped at a faster pace of 29.7% w/w for the week ending September 12 (prior: 9.2% w/w). On the supply side, August's housing starts and building permits surprised on the downside. Starts fell 8.5% m/m to 1.3m (prior: 3.4% m/m), its lowest since May, while permits which point to future construction, decreased 3.7% m/m (prior: 2.2% m/m). While borrowing costs have dipped recently offering a tailwind for homebuyers, bloated inventory and slow sales pace is expected to weigh on construction in the months ahead.



# Little surprises from UK inflation prints reaffirmed gradual BOE easing path

• The bout of inflation reports out of the UK sprang little surprises. Headline CPI stabilized at 3.8% y/y in August as expected while core CPI moderated to 3.6% y/y (Jul: +3.8% y/y), also as expected. Housing, water, electricity & fuel (0.94%), food & non-alcoholic beverages (0.58%), as well as restaurants & hotels (0.53%) contributed to the bulk of the increase. Meanwhile, services CPI tapered off a tad more than expected to 4.7% y/y during the month (Jul: +5.0% y/y) while retail price index also eased slightly more than expected to 4.6% y/y in August (Jul: +4.8% y/y), adding to signs of softening price pressure in the system which would allow the BOE to maintain its gradual easing cycle.

### Australia's leading index contracted again implying patchy outlook ahead

Westpac leading index contracted 0.04% m/m in August (Jul: +0.13% m/m), continuing the zig-zagging pattern in recent months, a sign of very patchy and fragile conditions. The contraction in August was due to drags from the expectation index, commodity prices, dwelling approvals, unemployment index, as well as aggregate hours worked, suggesting a rather broad softening outlook across the economy.

#### Japan's exports fell for the 4th straight month amid tariff impact

• Exports contracted at a much smaller than expected pace of 0.1% y/y in August (Jul: -2.6% y/y), but yet marked its 4<sup>th</sup> straight month of contraction as a result of lower exports of cars and steel. Exports to the US dropped 13.8% y/y while exports to China slipped 0.5% y/y, but was fortunately cushioned by higher shipment to the EU and Asia, reflecting the impact from higher tariffs and trade diversion. Meanwhile, imports fell more than expected by 5.2% y/y (Jul: -7.4% y/y), amid more subdued domestic demand. Trade deficit widened albeit less than expected to ¥242.5bn during the month (Jul: -¥118.4bn) as exports fell 10.0% m/m vs the 8.6% m/m decline in imports.

#### Singapore's NODX surprised on the downside

• Non-oil domestic exports from Singapore surprised on the downside, unexpectedly contracted 11.3% y/y in August (Jul: 4.7% y/y revised). The decline was dragged by declines in the exports of both E&E (-6.5% vs +2.7% y/y) and non E&E products (-13.0% vs -6.7% y/y), mainly from chemicals (-7.7% y/y) and petrochemicals (-23.2% y/y) while pharmaceutical rebounded (+15.7% vs -18.9% y/y). While the contraction in E&E exports was due in part to base effect, the broad-based declines indicated slower global demand nonetheless as tariff impact



- began to kick in and would no doubt exert a drag on overall growth in the second half of the year.
- By export destinations, exports to the US and China continued to see hefty double-digit declines, of 28.8% and 21.5% y/y respectively in August (Jul: -42.8% y/y for the US and -12.3% y/y for China). The decline in exports were rather broad-based, declining to most countries except Taiwan (+9.1% y/y) and EU (+28.9% y/y).

#### **House View and Forecasts**

FX	This Week	3Q-25	4Q-25	1Q-26	2Q-26
DXY	96-99	98.32	96.29	94.99	93.77
EUR/USD	1.16-1.19	1.16	1.19	1.20	1.22
GBP/USD	1.34-1.37	1.36	1.38	1.39	1.40
USD/CHF	0.78-0.82	0.81	0.80	0.79	0.78
USD/JPY	144-150	147	144	140	137
AUD/USD	0.65-0.68	0.63	0.65	0.67	0.68
NZD/USD	0.57-0.61	0.59	0.60	0.61	0.61
USD/CNY	7.11-7.16	7.20	7.16	7.12	7.10
USD/MYR	4.19-4.25	4.28	4.25	4.22	4.18
USD/SGD	1.26-1.30	1.29	1.26	1.24	1.22
USD/THB	32.00-32.55	32.70	32.50	32.30	32.30

Rates, %	Current	3Q-25	4Q25	1Q26	2Q26
Fed	4.00-4.25	4.00-4.25	3.50-3.75	3.253.50	3.253.50
ECB	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
BOE	4.00	4.00	3.75	3.50	3.50
SNB	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
BOJ	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.75	0.75
RBA	3.60	3.60	3.35	3.10	3.10
RBNZ	3.00	3.00	2.75	2.75	2.75
BNM	2.75	2.75	2.75	2.75	2.75

Source: HL Bank

#### **Up Next**

Date	Events	Prior
18-Sept	AU Employment Change (Aug)	24.5k
	AU Unemployment Rate (Aug)	4.20%
	UK Bank of England Bank Rate	4.00%
	US Initial Jobless Claims	263k
	US Philadelphia Fed Business Outlook (Sep)	-0.3
	US Leading Index (Aug)	-0.10%
19-Sept	UK GfK Consumer Confidence (Sep)	-17
	JN Natl CPI Ex Fresh Food YoY (Aug)	3.10%
	MA Exports YoY (Aug)	6.80%
	UK Retail Sales Inc Auto Fuel MoM (Aug)	0.60%
	JN BOJ Target Rate	0.50%

Source: Bloomberg



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